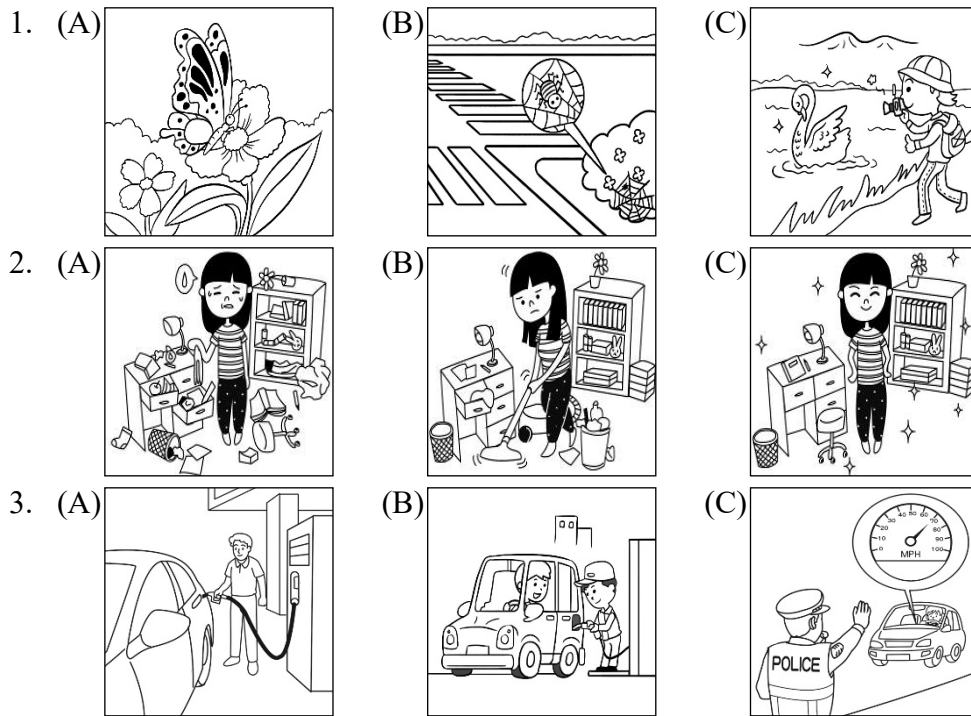


★考試範圍：Lesson1-Lesson4 & 英文雜誌(Mar.) Week1-2

★注意：1~50 題選擇題請用 2B 鉛筆將答案畫記在答案卡上，作答完畢請繳交答案卡。

壹、聽力測驗 20%(每題 2 分)

一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片。



二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應句。

- 4. (A) What's your humor style?
(B) He's mean to people around him.
(C) No wonder everyone enjoys talking to him.
- 5. (A) Neither can I. Time does fly.
(B) I can't believe it, either. It's never too late to make a change.
(C) Me neither. I can't put up with my junior high school life anymore.
- 6. (A) It's a singing club. I want to start a band.
(B) It's about my dream job. I want to be a pro gamer.
(C) It's a club that I started. I want to help people lose weight.

三、言談理解：根據聽到的內容及問題，選出一個最適合的答案。

- 7. (A) Because the teacher spotted many errors in the boy's report.
(B) Because the information in the boy's report wasn't from a trusted source.
(C) Because the teacher found that the boy might copy Ashely's report.
- 8. (A) People with hobbies are less likely to feel bored.
(B) Hobbies will make us happy and bring us joy.
(C) Never let our hobbies become our jobs.
- 9. (A) "It's not possible to go after your dream."
(B) "You really have a gift for singing."
(C) "Think twice before you act."
- 10. (A) She will borrow a lot of money from Gina.
(B) She hopes Gina won't lend money to someone she doesn't know well.
(C) She will tell the man not to chat with Gina on the Internet.

貳、單題 50% (第 11~35 題, 每題 2 分)

11. When we visited the Southern Branch of National Palace Museum, we saw many _____ tools and paintings that were made hundreds of years ago and showed how people lived in the past.
(A) ancient (B) religious (C) modern (D) popular
12. After staying in bed for a week and taking the doctor's medicine, Kevin finally _____ from the flu and was able to go back to school with a big smile on his face.
(A) discovered (B) covered (C) continued (D) recovered
13. Mom : Why did the alarm suddenly make such a loud sound?
Claire : It _____ the smoke in the kitchen, so it started ringing when I burned the toast.
(A) decided (B) detected (C) judged (D) trained
14. Anna : Did you meet anyone interesting in the park yeaterday?
Jerry : I _____ my English teacher, Irene, while I was walking my dog. I didn't expect to see her at all.
(A) got along with (B) guided along (C) brought out (D) came across
15. Which is NOT true about water sommerliers?
(A) They are water experts.
(B) They can tell when the water is sweet or bitter.
(C) They often work at fancy restaurants.
(D) They know the value of the water, so they aren't willing to share it with the world.
16. The news reported that a group of hackers tried to _____ the company's computer system last night. Luckily, the engineers found the problem quickly and stopped it before the important information was stolen.
(A) spot (B) attack (C) hunt (D) kick
17. Kevin checked his math test carefully because he didn't want to make the same _____ again. Last time, he wrote the wrong number and lost many points even though he understood the question.
(A) error (B) source (C) prize (D) risk
18. Lily: I studied very hard for the science test and reviewed all the notes last night.
Ken: That's great! _____, you will get a good grade this time.
(A) Luckily (B) Hopefully (C) Simply (D) Honestly
19. Amy: I forgot to bring my English dictionary today. The quiz is coming soon. What should I do?
Ben: Don't worry. You can _____ mine for a while, but please give it back after class.
Amy: Thank you! I'll return it to you this afternoon.
(A) lend (B) turn (C) copy (D) borrow
20. Although Tina practiced very hard for the volleyball game, she was not one of the starting players. She stayed on the _____ at the beginning, cheered for her teammates ,and waited for the coach to call her name.
(A) square (B) circle (C) couch (D) bench
21. Maria just moved to Seoul for her summer exchange program. On her first day, she felt like a _____ in the busy subway station because everything and everyone seemed completely new to her. Luckily, a friendly student showed her how to buy a ticket.
(A) neighbor (B) stranger (C) member (D) reletive
22. Lucy: You look upset. What happened?
Ben: My little brother kept playing loud music while I was doing my homework.
Lucy: That sounds terrible.
Ben: Yeah, I tried to stay calm, but I really couldn't _____ it any longer.
(A) put up with (B) pick up (C) put on (D) pull out

23. Ashley: I want to tell you a secret about our English teacher, Ms. Shen, but you have to promise not to tell anyone.
Katherine: Go ahead. _____
(A) You're killing me. (B) I don't even notice. (C) I'm all ears. (D) Are you kidding me?
24. Kelly: Did you invite Jason or Mark to your birthday party?
Eric: No, I didn't. _____ Jason _____ Mark can come because they both have a basketball game that day.
Kelly: That's too bad. Maybe you can celebrate with them next time.
(A) Either ; or (B) Neither ; nor (C) Not only ; but also (D) Both ; and
25. Ms. Shen: As long as you _____ give up, you _____ your dream come true.
Peggy: Thank you, teacher. I'll keep trying and study harder.
(A) won't ; will make (B) don't ; have made (C) don't ; will make (D) won't ; make
26. Lily baked a cake for the school fair. It was _____ delicious _____ many students came back for a second slice, and some even asked for the recipe.
(A) so ; that (B) too ; to (C) enough ; to (D) such ; that
27. Emma: Why did you come to play basketball with us so late yesterday?
Adam: I didn't join you _____ I finished cleaning the bathroom. My mom asked me to do the housework first.
(A) because (B) if (C) as soon as (D) until
28. Lisa: I don't like watching horror movies because they are too scary.
Ben: _____ I usually close my eyes during the scary parts.
(A) So do I. (B) Neither am I. (C) I haven't, either. (D) Me neither.
29. Mark isn't sure if his friends _____ to the concert this evening, but if they _____, he'll join them after finishing his homework.
(A) go ; do (B) will go ; won't (C) go ; won't (D) will go ; do
30. Sophia: I'm worried about catching a cold at school. Do you have any advice?
Lucas: _____ a mask, and you can keep away from the virus. Also, _____ enough sleep can help you stay healthy.
(A) Wearing ; getting (B) Wear ; getting (C) By wearing ; to get (D) Wear ; get
31. Tim: Do you know the boy _____ helped the old woman cross the street yesterday?
Lydia: Yes. I heard _____ he is the model student in Neihu Junior High School.
(A) who ; that (B) that ; who (C) which ; that (D) who ; whether
32. I'm sure we have visited this restaurant before. I remember _____ the same delicious dessert with you in the restaurant about two years ago.
(A) eat (B) to eat (C) eating (D) ate
33. While Tina was doing her homework by the window last night, she suddenly saw a cat jump onto the wall _____ after a mouse in the yard.
(A) run (B) ran (C) and run (D) and ran
34. The homework for the history class _____ by the group members before the deadline, and the teacher was very satisfied.
(A) was finished (B) finished (C) were finished (D) finishes
35. Tom didn't understand what "get out of" meant in the paragraph below:

... Kevin promised to help his classmates clean the classroom after school. However, when the time came, he said he had a stomachache and tried to get out of doing the work. His friends were upset because they knew he just didn't want to help.

He looked it up in the dictionary and saw more than one meaning. What does "get out of" mean here?

- (A) To avoid doing something you should do.
(B) To leave a place quickly before others notice.
(C) To finish something earlier than expected.
(D) To ask someone else to do something for you.

參、題組 30% (第 36~50 題, 每題 2 分)

(36~40)

AI, or artificial intelligence, is becoming more and more popular today. It is a kind of technology that can help people do many kinds of work, and 36. the way we live over the past years. However, some jobs 37. by humans may be affected because of AI. Here are some examples.

First, cashiers, who work at supermarkets and stores, may not be needed in the future. Nowadays, there are machines that can take money and give changes, so customers do not always need a cashier. In the same way, drivers may face a similar problem. AI can drive cars and move on the road safely, so in the coming years, there might be fewer human drivers. 38., factory workers could also lose their jobs because robots, which never get tired, can do the same work faster and for a longer time.

Not all jobs will disappear. Teachers, for example, do more than give knowledge to students. They also care for students and guide them in the right way. AI cannot easily replace this. Doctors and nurses also have human feelings, 39.. Artists and designers, who use creativity to make new things, will still be important in the future.

From the above examples, we can see that some jobs that need only simple skills may disappear because of AI. 40., jobs that need care, creativity, or human feelings will still need humans. In a word, the rise of AI is truly changing the job market. In the future, people will need to learn new skills so that they can work with AI, not against it.

 similar 類似的 disappear 消失 creativity 創意

36. (A) it will change (B) it changed (C) it has already changed (D) it is changing
 37. (A) are often done (B) that are usually done (C) which is always done (D) which are never done
 38. (A) Also (B) However (C) For this reason (D) Instead
 39. (A) which can be learned quickly (B) which AI can understand (C) which AI doesn't have (D) which help AI a lot
 40. (A) To be honest (B) Lastly (C) As a result (D) On the other hand

(41~43)

Many people think English is difficult, but it can also be very playful. One example of this is the pun, a kind of joke that uses a word with two meanings or two words that sound the same. Puns make people laugh because they first think of one meaning, and then suddenly understand another. Here are some examples:

(1) A: <i>Why shouldn't you believe a man in bed?</i> B: <i>Because he is lying.</i>	(2) A: <i>Which travels faster, heat or cold?</i> B: <i>Heat. Because you can catch a cold easily.</i>
(3) A: <i>Mom, Aunt Amy kissed me.</i> B: <i>So sweet! Did you kiss her back?</i> A: <i>Not really. I kissed her hand.</i>	(4) A: <i>Are you free tonight?</i> B: <i>No, I'm always very expensive.</i>

Puns are not just for jokes. They help students learn how words can have more than one meaning. When learners understand puns, they show that they really know how English works. Although puns can be confusing at first, they are a fun way to explore language and think more deeply about words.

 explore 探索

41. In the joke about heat and cold, why is the answer funny?
 (A) Because heat really moves faster than cold in science.
 (B) Because the second speaker gives the wrong answer.
 (C) Because the second speaker doesn't understand the question.
 (D) Because the word "cold" has two meanings in the joke.
42. In the fourth joke, why does the second speaker say "I'm always very expensive"?
 (A) He is talking about ticket prices. (B) He thinks "free" means "not busy".
 (C) He is pretending "free" means "costing no money". (D) He doesn't want to go out.
43. Why are puns useful for English learners?
 (A) They help students memorize long words. (B) They show how grammar rules work.
 (C) They teach that one word can have different meanings. (D) They make students read faster.

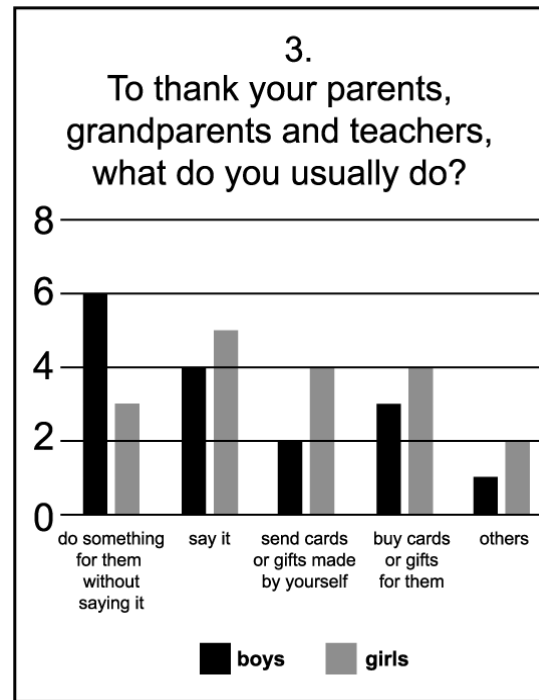
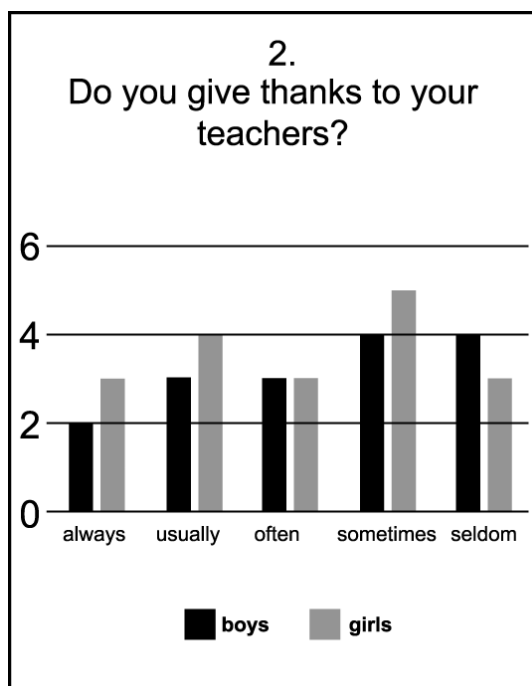
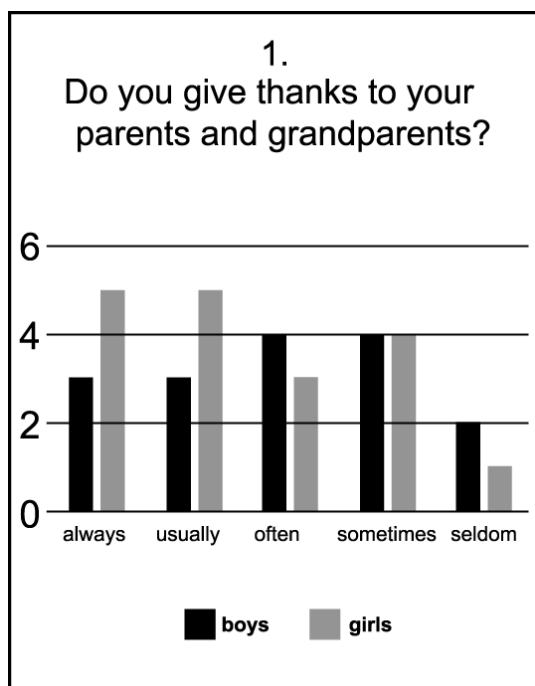
 pretend 假裝

Dear students,

From the moment we were born, there are so many people around us. They care for us, guide us, and share their knowledge to help us understand the world. We should be thankful for all the time and effort they give.

Earlier, I asked you to think about how we can show thanks to those who take care of and teach us—our parents, grandparents, and teachers. Now, let’s go through the questions and numbers together.

Ms. Shen



44. Which is true about the reading?

- (A) Students show thanks in different ways, not only with gifts.
- (B) The girls like to say thanks, and so do the boys.
- (C) Saying thanks is important only on special days.
- (D) Most students don't thank their teachers.

45. What CAN'T we know from the charts?

- (A) Students give thanks more often to parents and grandparents than teachers.
- (B) What gifts are mostly chosen by the students for their parents, grandparents and teachers.
- (C) Some students show their thanks by speaking, while others show their thanks by what they do.
- (D) Girls and boys may differ in how they show thanks.

46. When the students looked at the charts, they shared their thoughts. Which of the following matches the information?

- (A) Lily: I notice that none of the students always gives thanks. To me, giving thanks isn't necessary if someone already knows I appreciate them.
- (B) Max: Most students say thanks to their parents and grandparents, but fewer do the same for teachers. I think it's because we feel closer to our parents.
- (C) Tom: There are more boys than girls who give their thanks to their teachers. Maybe it's because boys are more active and energetic in class activities.
- (D) Sarah: Most students only give gifts to their parents, grandparents, and teachers, but they never do small actions like helping or saying thanks.

📖 appreciate 感謝 energetic 有活力的

On January 25, 2026, the world was shocked by an incredible achievement. American free climber Alex Honnold successfully climbed Taipei 101 without using ropes or any safety equipment. He started from the ground and reached the top in 91 minutes. Many people watched the whole climb through a live broadcast on Netflix.

Taipei 101 is one of the tallest buildings in the world, and climbing it is already very difficult even with professional tools. However, Honnold chose to climb it with only his hands and feet. During the climb, he had to stay calm and focused. One small mistake could be very dangerous. His strong mind and excellent skills helped him finish this challenge safely.

Before the climb, Honnold spent months studying the building. He checked every possible place to put his hands and feet. He also practiced many times on smaller buildings to prepare himself. He said that careful planning was the key to success.

After reaching the top, Honnold did not celebrate wildly. Instead, he smiled quietly and thanked his team deeply. He hoped his climb would encourage people to face their fears and work hard for their goals. Still, experts reminded the public that free solo climbing is extremely dangerous and should not be copied.

This amazing event not only showed Honnold's courage but also made people around the world pay attention to Taipei 101 again. Many young people said they felt inspired by his story and began to think about their own dreams. Some teachers even used this event in class to talk about goal setting and safety. In the end, Honnold's climb was not just about breaking a record, but also about showing the importance of preparation, courage, and responsibility.

📖 incredible 不可思議的 achievement 成就 equipment 裝備 challenge 挑戰
wildly 激烈地 courage 勇氣 extremely 非常 inspire 鼓舞

47. What is the best title for the reading?

- (A) What An Amazing Building, Taipei 101!
- (B) The Importance of Safety Rules in Free Solo Climbing.
- (C) A Brave Climb That Inspired the World.
- (D) The History of Free Solo Climbing.

48. Why was Honnold's climb special?

- (A) He climbed the building faster than anyone before.
- (B) He used new professional climbing tools.
- (C) He climbed without ropes or safety equipment.
- (D) He climbed at night with strong winds.

49. What does the word "copied" in the fourth paragraph most likely mean?

- (A) Recorded.
- (B) Followed someone's example.
- (C) Watched carefully.
- (D) Changed a lot.

50. After reading the passage, Kevin says, "Success is not only about being brave but also about preparing well." Which part of the passage BEST shows Kevin's idea?

- (A) Honnold climbed Taipei 101 in 91 minutes.
- (B) Many people watched the climb on Netflix.
- (C) He smiled quietly after reaching the top.
- (D) He spent months studying the building and practicing many times.



**All your hard work
will be worth it.
Keep going !!!**

(試題結束)

一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片。

1. **While I was walking home, I saw an insect.**
2. **Kelly was too busy to tidy up her room.**
3. **Mr. Hsu had someone fill up the gas for him.**

二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應句。

4. **The man who has a great sense of humor is Mr. Wang.**
5. **I can't believe that we are going to finish senior high school.**
6. **What's the slim down program about?**

三、言談理解：根據聽到的內容及問題，選出一個最適合的答案。

7. **B: What's wrong, Mom?**

W: I got a call from your teacher. She said that your Chinese report was almost the same as Ashley's. Why is that?

B: I guess that's because the information we found was from the same sources.

W: I don't think that's the truth. Do your report again by yourself and stop being lazy!

Q: Why did the teacher call the mother?

8. **(M:) Everyone should have at least a hobby. For example, some people like reading, others enjoy cooking, and still others love playing sports. Hobbies can keep us from a boring life. We can get pleasure from our hobbies, and we might even turn them into businesses. As the saying goes, "If you do what you love, you'll never work a day in your life."**

Q: What doesn't the man say about hobbies?

9. **Jessie asked her dad to watch her show. She wanted him to see that she was able to be a good singer. After the show, her dad was surprised to see how wonderful Jessie was while she was singing. Now, her dad has become her number one fan.**

Q: What might Jessie's dad say after he watched the show?

10. **M: Gina lent all her money to a guy she just met on the Internet.**

W: That must be a trick.

M: You're right. She lost touch with him right after he got the money.

W: I hope she has learned a lesson from the trick.

Q: What does the woman mean?

臺北市立內湖國民中學 114 學年度第二學期九年級第一次段考英語科(答案)(康軒版)

1. A	2. A	3. B	4. C	5. A	6. C	7. C	8. C	9. B	10. B
11. A	12. D	13. B	14. D	15. D	16. B	17. A	18. B	19. D	20. D
21. B	22. A	23. C	24. B	25. C	26. A	27. D	28. D	29. D	30. B
31. A	32. C	33. C	34. A	35. A	36. D	37. B	38. A	39. C	40. D
41. D	42. C	43. C	44. A	45. B	46. B	47. C	48. C	49. B	50. D

A : 12 B : 13 C : 13 D : 12